ANOTHER BLOW FOR M'CARREN

HE LOSES FIGHT FOR PRIMARY INSPECTORS AND CLERKS.

Justice Kelly Denies Application for Mandamus Against Board of Elections Holds That Democratic State Convention's Action Knied His Claims.

Senator P. H. McCarren got another bad joit yesterday in his fight for recognition is the leader of the regular Democratio organization in Kings county, Justice W. J. Kelly of the Supreme Court having handed down a decision denying his application for a peremptory mandamus directing the Board of Elections to accept the list of election inspectors and clerks submitted by him and to reject that filed by the anti-McCarren faction, which was recognized as the regular organization by the Carnegie Hall convention in June and also last week by the national convention

The decision is far reaching and a direct body blow to the Brooklyn Senator, there being no way to appeal ahead of the September primaries, as the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court has adjourned over for the summer and will hold no session

The anti-McCarren managers were jubilant over the decision, as it places them in control of the official machinery at the primaries and incidentally furnishes them with a big slice of patronage.

with a big slice of patronage.

When the question of appointing the election officials for Brooklyn came before the Board of Elections the list of McCarren was rejected by a vote of 2 to 1. Commissioners John T. Dooling and Charles B. Page of Manhattan voting in the negative and James Kane of Brooklyn, who is the McCarren leader in the Third Assembly district, in the affirmative. Commissioner R. C. Fuller, the Republican member of the board from Brooklyn, who, it is understood, was to have voted for the McCarren list, was absent when this action was taken. In explaining their votes Messrs. Dooling and Page declared that although the McCarren faction had won asweeping victory at the primaries the election law prevented them from recognizing it as "regular" in view of the action of the State committee.

No action has yet been taken by the Board of Elections on the list submitted by the anti-McCarrenites, it having been determined to await the decision of Justice Kelly in the mandamus proceeding. Unless some speedy legal action is taken the board will accept the anti-McCarren list.

Justice Kelly holds that the State convention of the party is the judge of the regularity of opposing factions and that the courts have nothing to do with the wisdom of the methods pursued by the State-convention. If the convention, he says, had the legal authority and abused it, the remedy is not with the yours but with the voters, who may select other officials to represent them in framing the election laws.

This is Justice Kelly's decision in full: When the question of appointing the

This is Justice Kelly's decision in full: Section 12 of the Election law (Chapter 09, Laws 1896, as amended by Chapter 95, laws 1901, and Chapter 70, Laws of 1904) provides for the appointment of election. fficers to serve at primary and general elections in the various election districts in the State. The duty of providing such election officers is devolved upon the Legislature by Section 6 of Article 2 of the Constitution, and the method by which such officers shall be selected is left in the control of the Legisla-ture, subject only to the proviso that in making such appointment each of the principal political parties in the State shall have equal stitutional mandate and in order to give to each party representation on the election boards, the Legislature provides for the nomination of such officers by the duly accredited representatives of the two principal political parties, such nomination to be made by filing authenticated lists with the appointing powers—in the city of New York, the Board of Elections. * * *

On June 23, 1908, the relator, as the chairman of the executive committee of the county committee of the Democratic party n Kings county, authenticated a list as and attempted to file it with the Board of Elections—the statute requiring the filing of such list not later than the first day of July in each yearbut the Board of Elections refused to receive of the relator, upon the ground that the late State convention of the Democratic party had recognized as regular a faction or section of the Democratic party in Kings county, of which one George V. S. Williams is chairman. The relator applies for a mandamus compelling the acceptance and filing of the list authenticated by him, and restraining the Board of Elections from accepting other lists or making appointments therefrom. faction or section recognized by the State convention has also presented a list authenticated by John H. Delaney, who makes oath that he is the chairman of the executive committee of the county committee of such fac-

tion or section. There is no question that the relator is the chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic county committee in Kings county, regularly elected and chosen pursuant to the provisions of the primary election law (Chapter 473, Laws 1899, as amended . Neither is there any question that, at the last State convention of the Democratic party, held in New York city on April 14, 15 and 16, 1908, associates from several of the Assembly districts in Kings county as delegates, deciding that certain contestants were the regularly elected delegates to the State

It appears that George V. S. Williams is the chairman of the county committee of an organization known as the Kings County Democratic Party, which, it is alleged in an affidavit submitted by Mr. Delaney, has maintained a county organization in Kings county since 1906, and which unsuccessfully contested the primary election of March, 1908, with the relator. Mr. Williams, who is named in the resolution of the State convention, submits no affidavit, but Mr. Delaney, who makes the affidavit on behalf of the so-called Kings County Democratic Party, makes oath that the regularity of the primary election and the validity of the return were contested, not before the courts but before the State convertion, and that the latter body decided against the relator.

think the question turns entirely upon the interpretation of the language quoted from section 12 of the election law. The Legislature was empowered by the Constitution to prescribe the method by

which the election officials should be selected. They could have provided for their selection in many different ways. They have, I think, made the State convention of the party the judge of the regularity of opposing factions or sections within the party in the cities of the State so far as the nomination or selection of these election officials is concerned. With the wisdom of the method selected the courts have nothing to do. The provision of section 12 appears to be clear—the State convention, for this purpose, is given the power to decide. This section 12 in its present form was reenacted by amendment in 1904—five years after the enactment of the primary election cannot agree with the learned counsel relator that it is repealed by the primary election law, or that it is inconsiswith the primary election law from a egal s.andpoint, however anomalous the situation may be of having one legal county organization supreme and representative in haracter in party matters in the locality and et put aside in the important matter of selecting election officers by a State convention in favor of a faction defeated at the regular primary election. The Legislature created the county committee and gave it the powers which it possesses. It can take away or limit those powers, and apparently it has done so. It could have provided, if it had seen fit to do so, that the election officers do so, that the election officers

should be nominated or appointed by the State convention. Nor are the methods pursued by the State

convention before the court for review. It makes no difference whether the Court agrees with the procedure by which the relator was ousted or not. The relator insists that it was high handed and unjust. The respondents induige in abuse and recriminations against the relator. The duty of the Court is to ascertain whether the action of the constitutions. vention was authorized under the statute. It is not for the Court to enact statutes. It the convention had the legal authority and abused it, the remedy is not with the courts, but with the voters, who may select other officials to represent them. The Legislature has made the convention the judge of the qualifications and eligibility of its members. "Each convention shall decide all questions of contested seats." (Primary Election law of 1800, section 10.) I repeat that it is not for the courts to say whether this provision is wise or unwise or whether this provision is wise or unwise or whether it is in accord with the policy of "home rule" inaugurated by the primary law. If they follow the procedure laid down in the statute, the courts cannot interfere, * * * In the case at bar the proceedings of the State convention are not under review, the respondents invoke the express language of section 12 of the election law as the legislative authority for the action of the State convention, and I

Friends of McCarren admitted that the loss of the election patronage and the placing of the control of the primaries in the hands of his foes was a bad blow to the Senator and would probably result in the loss of several Assembly districts.

M'CARREN BACK HOME.

Will Try to Get the Appellate Court to Convene to Hear His Case.

Senator Patrick H. McCarren got back from Denver last night. His delegation isn't expected in until to-morrow evening. He had come on direct from the convention without stop, though he had been expected to drop off at Saratoga for over night. He was in his apartment at the Hotel Clarendon last night with James E. Bell, chairman of the Kings county Democratic committee; Samuel S. Whitehouse, one of the Senator's legal advisers, and some other

Mr. McCarren wouldn't discuss the action of the national committee on credentials in refusing to seat his delegates. He would commit himself only to the remark: "I had my say at Denver and all I have got to say now is that the national convention endorsed the larceny of the State convention." He the larceny of the State convention." He said that he had already gone over the matter with Mr. Bell, who has sent out a call for the committee to meet next Tuesday, when the national ticket will be ratified. McCarren said he was going to put in a big summer this year. He's going to make the Jefferson Building his headquarters and do some of the hardest political work of his life there, he said.

McCarren didn't seem to show much emotion over Justice Kelly's decision of

McCarren didn't seem to show much emotion over Justice Kelly's decision of yesterday by which he was denied a writ of mandamus compelling the Bureau of Elections to recognize the list of election inspectors furnished by him.

"The question of electors is not of especial importance," he said. "We are going to appeal if we can get the Appellate Division to hold a session for the purpose of hearing us.

"After some time we expect to straighten out all our little difficulties. The primaries as well as the elections themselves have been shown by the Mayoralty recount proceedings to be honestly and fairly conducted and we expect to win with or without inspectors."

RECRUITING STREET CAR MEN. Office Open Here for Some Days, but No Hint as to Where the Job Is.

For several days men out of a job have been going in and out of the Cedar street entrance to the house at 136 Greenwich street in answer to a newspaper advertisement for motormen and conductors. The recruiting office is closed now, but there is a notice on the door which says that applicants will be notified by mail when they are needed to go to work.

Several hundred men applied for work while the bureau was open, but none of them would tell where the work was to be had. In neighboring saloons it was said that the men were wanted for duty out of the city and it was hinted that the two men who hired the room on the second floor over May's restaurant were Pinkerton employees. Mrs. May, from whom the men rented the room, knew nothing about that. They paid her in advance, acted like gentlemen while they were there and that was all she asked.

PHILADELPHIANS WIN AGAIN. Worcestershire Cricketers Defeated by Margin of 96 Runs.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN WORCESTER, England, July 11. - The Gentlemen of Philadelphia scored a handsome victory over Worcestershire to-day, making heir record on the tour so far two straight victories. The margin of victory was 96 runs. After having all the worst of the game in the early stages the Americans rallied splendidly at the bat and set the Englishmen a task which was too hard to be accomplished.

a task which was too hard to be accomplished.

A. M. Wood played a magnificent game for the Quakers and ran up the big score of 132. He was not out for 80 when the game was resumed this morning and, playing with confidence, soon had all the bowlers at his mercy. He reached the century mark after an hour at the wickets, but continued to score freely and was eventually disposed of by Foster on a ball of which he did not fairly get hold.

freely and was eventually disposed of by Foster on a ball of which he did not fairly get hold.

Wood's splendid display overshadowed everything else in the game, but the Americans could no have won had not their bowling been uniformly successful. J. B. King's fast deliveries were destructive and he obtained five wickets at a cost of 43 runs—a wonderful performance. H. V. Hordern also secured a like number of wickets and only 52 runs were scored off him. He made a record in the game of eleven wickets and was not out in both innings. T. C. Jordan kept wicket in exceptional style and was responsible for the dismissal of three men.

The Worcestershire innings opened disastrously for the home team, seven wickets being down for an absurdly small total, and it was not until Hunt came in that the semblance of a stand was made. He tried hard to avert defeat and partnered by Bird made a stand for the last wicket that revived the drooping spirits of the Englishmen. With the total at 120, however, Bird was bowled by Hordern and the gaine was over. Hunt's score was 40 not out, made in about an hour of play.

Hampshire will be met at Southampton on Monday. The score follows:

GENTLEMEN OF PHILADELPHIA F. H. Bohlen, b. Cuffe... 0 b. Burrows... C. C. Morris, i. b. w., b. Bird... 17 b. Pearson... J. A. Lester, b. Bird... 0 c. Bale. b. Hunt... H. K. Foster, st. Jordan, b. Second Innings. Pearson, b. Greene.....

...192 Total......129 Jake Wiemer Threatens to Hold Out. CINCINNATI, July 11 .- Jake Wiemer says he will not join the New Yorks unless he gets

Burrows, b. Horndern. Hunt, c. Gregar, b. Hordern. Bale, st. Jordan, b. Hor-dern...

AMERICAN RIFLE TEAM WINS

VICTORY IN OLYMPIC SHOOT AT BISLEY.

Great Britain Second and Canada Third, With the Continental Marksmen in the Ruck-Triumph for Springfield Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BISLEY, England, July 11.—The American rifie team, using the Springfield rifle, to-day won the international competition for the Olympic cup, thus carrying off the rifle championship of the world against teams from Great Britain, Sweden, Canada, Franca, Norway, Greece and Denmark. The final scores of the leading

The other teams finished in this order France, 2,272; Sweden, 2,213; Norway, 2,192; Greece, 1,988; Denmark, 1,908. The detailed score of the American marks

men at the various ranges is:

The total score at the close of the 800 yard competition showed the American team leading by thirteen points, with a total of 1,727 to the British 1,714. At each distance the highest possible score is 450. The 300 meter individual contest, in which

Simon's score of 886 was yesterday regarded as a sure winner, was won, according to the official score announced this morning, by Helgerud of Norway with a score of 904. imon takes the silver medal, with Wallingford, England, third.

In the individual revolver competition, the official result announced this morning is as follows: First, Van Asbrock, Belgium, 490; second, Storms, Belgium, 487; third, Axtell, United States, 480.

The scoring of the American team at the 800 yard distance was without question the feature of the three days meet. Their

the feature of the three days meet. Their score fell only fourteen points short of the highest possible. The marksmen were as regular and accurate as machines and were the aumiration and despair of the foreign competitors and experts gathered at the range. A supero victory for the Americans was early conceded by all those present.

The American arm and ammunition also came in for their share of praise. The new Springfield short rifle is admittedly superior to the arm of any of the other teams, and experts speck very highly of the American peep sights. The American ammunition is also apparently more reliable and dependable than that of the British team. In the 800 yard competition five of the six members of the American team scored 33 out of a possible 75. The sixth member of the team made 71.

The weather continued unfavorable this morning for good scoring, a high wind having discovered the second the second of the team of the lower discovered the second the second of the six members of the six members of the American team scored 35 out of a possible 75. The sixth member of the team made 71.

morning for good scoring, a high wind blowing diagonally across the field. Noth-ing, however, seemed to interfere to any appreciable extent with the American marksmen's aim and they gained per-ceptibly on their dompetitors in each suc-ceeding competition.

ceptibly on their dompetitors in each succeeding competition.

A large crowd of Americans came out this morning to view the contests, attracted by the reports of their team's excellent showing yesterday. Many women were among these spectators, all of whom wore either little American flags or streamers of red, white and blue ribbon.

The Americans cheered their team and began to offer the members their congratulations as winners of the meet even before the 900 yard competition was completed.

the 900 yard competition was completed.

The individual scores of the members of the American team were as follows, the maximum score being 450 Winder, 429; Casey, 423; Martin, 430; Leuphoner, 430; Eastman, 412, and Benedict, 407.

The Canadian team teak third, piace.

The Canadian team took third asily, all the Continental teams being The Crown Prince of Sweden watched the firing and remained until the conclusion of the match, when he shook hands with Gen. Drain and congratulated the American

The strength of the wind is demonstrated The strength of the wind is demonstrated by the fact that a balloon race which was to have started at Hurlingham had to be post-poned. The wind affected the scoring at the long ranges, though at the conclusion of the firing at 900 yards it was recognized

of the firing at 900 yards it was recognized that the Americans were sure winners.
The following is the result of the other shootings: Miniature, 25 yards, moving, J. F. Fleming, United Kingdom, won; individual, 25 yards, disappearing. U. K. Styles, United Kingdom, won; 55 and 100 yards, individual, miniature, T. Plater, United Kingdom, won.
Revolver, team, competition—United

United Kingdom, won.
Revolver team competition—United States, 1,914; Belgium, 1,954; England, 1,916; France, 1,750; Sweden, 1,732; Holland, 1,632.
Immediately after Walter Winans of Baltimore had won the Olympic running deer competition to-day a messenger handed him two envelopes. The first contained a telegram which announced that his horses had won three firsts, four seconds and five thirds at the English Royal Counties show. The other was a cablegram from Vienna that his horse Samers had won the local trotting champonship. trotting chamrionship.

After receiving congratulations all round

Gen. Drain, the commander of the American team, said: "The match was shot under as hard conditions as any match was ever as hard conditions as any match was ever shot. Yesterday it rained and blew. Today it blew to beat anything. Such conditions are rather unusual for us. We ordinarily have fair weather in the shooting season, but our men seemed to be able to grasp the situation and met all the varieties of weather as they came.

"We realized from the start that the English and Canadian teams were our strongest opponents and fancied that the English team was the stronger of the two. It was neck and neck with the Englishmen and us from the beginning, although it was

and us from the beginning, although it was only at one range, 600 Mards, that they beat us and then only by one point. But the further we got from the target the more confident we felt. I never felt much worried at the 1,000 yard range and we gained to points on the Englishmen. We won by 35 points on the whole match.

"Had the conditions been reasonable and normal it's a sure thing that the Englishmen."

men and Americans would have shattered world's records for the distances shot over. So excellent was all the shooting that there is little to choose between the two teams we beat the Englishmen by a good enough margin to win on but nothing much to brag about in a grand total of 2.500 points We have had a pleasant knowledge of the Englishmen—they had one of the best teams in the world and it took a better team to beat them.

teams in the world and it took a better team to beat them.

"Our men's individual scores count for nothing in this shooting. The six men shot as a team with one purpose—to make the team's total as high as possible. So far as I am concerned I did not consider individuals at all. Every man in the team satisfied me. Every man was loyal to the team and did his best all the time. I attribute the result first to good men, second to good rifles and third to good ammunition.

"Our team has been treated with marked courtesy ever since we reached England and I want The Sun to say that we feel it an honor to have been able to score sufficiently well to defeat so sportsmanlike a team as the Englishmen."

Gen. Drain accomplished one of the

ciently well to defeat so sportsmanlike a team as the Englishmen."

Gen. Drain accomplished one of the chief objects of his visit to England by obtaining promises from international riflemen, including those of Sweden, Norway and Greece, to visit the United States and participate in the contest for the Palma trophy. The General says he expects to see them at the contest for this trophy in the United States next year, probably in the second week of September.

He added: "We have invited all the foreign representatives at Bisley, and from the way they received the invitation we expect a large number to attend. We will add to the Palma contest a week's international shooting with rifle and pistol."

Lord & Taylor July Inventory Sale Carpet Department

Commencing Monday, July 13th, 1908, we will place on sale all patterns of Carpets not to be carried next Fall. We will also dispose of the balance of our Spring Stock of Oriental Rugs in order to make room for our Fall Importations.

Extra Quality Royal Wilton Figured and Plain at \$1.95 yd., formerly \$3.25

Best Quality Axminster \$1.10 & 971/2c.yd., formerly \$1.65

Empire Wiltons

\$1.50 yd., formerly \$2.50

Best Body Brussels at \$1.15 yd., formerly \$1.65

Oriental Rugs

A large assortment of Carpet sizes in Kermanshah, Sarouk, Serapi, Bijar, Mahal, etc., at prices which insure

a saving of 25% to 40%

Attention is directed to a special lot of 1275 Rugs comprising Kazakjas, Shirvans, Daghestans, Kurdistans, Kazaks, etc., at \$8.50 to \$45.00 each

> The balance of our Summer Floor Coverings will be offered at extremely low prices.

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

Annual Furniture Sale

takes place this week Commencing Monday, July 13th, when we will offer every article of Furniture and all Bedsteads in our showrooms at:-

> 25% to 50% Off Our Regular Prices

Lord & Taylor Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

TOURISTS HAVE HARD DAY'S DRIVE FROM PITTSBURG.

Fire Burns Baggage on Miller's Stoddard-Dayton-C. R. Forth's Overland Runabout Declared Out of Hower Contest When Water Break Smashes Rear Axle.

BEDFORD SPRINGS, Pa., July 11 .- The Glidden and Hower tourists had their first op-portunity to-day to realize that this year's of their long journey, to-day's run, took them over what is said with good reason to be the worst road in Pennsylvania and probably in the United States. One tourist who has travelled 90,000 miles in the United States claims that he has never seen the equal of the roads he travelled to-day.

The entire route of the day's travel lay through the Alleghany Mountains, and the

road was one continuous path, just wide enough for one car, which wound up and down and around the mountains. The hardest stretch of road for the cars was met with nine miles out from Pittsburg. The road at this point is constructed of slate. and it was like riding over knife blades to drive a car with rubber tires over this stretch Surprisingly there was very little tire trouble experienced there.

Just as the drivers were congratulating themselves at getting over this spot safely hey were confronted with a horseshoe curve that went up hill over a bridge and then crossed a railroad track. Had a car gone four feet out of the way it would have meant a drop of

seventy-five feet over a precipice.

Another hard stretch for the tourists was a narrow road that ran for three miles down a mountain through woods. There was a water break every twenty yards and it was necessary for the cars to have both brakes set during the entire three miles. After the mining and oil section of the country was passed the occupants of the cars had a view of the Ameghanies in all their picturesqueness

mountains. Most of the towns the touring party passed through were porulated by miners who were out in force to cheer on the travellers. The hard run to-day was selected by the tour officials with the expectation that many of the cars could not stand the pace. In this they were disappointed, however. The route last year from Pittaburg, which could not compare with to-day's run for rough roads, eliminated two-thirds of the cars from the clean sorre column.

The only cars that met with accidents

to-day were those competing for the Hower trophy. The most serious accident of the day occurred sixty-three miles from Pitteburg after the Stoddard-Dayton car driven by A. C. Miller had passed through Monroe. The mechanic, Carl Wright, began working on the magneto. While he was at work the

GLIDDENITES ON ROUGH ROAD carburetor caught fire, due to short circuiting, and the flames spread over the hood.

carburetor caught fire, due to short circuiting, and the flames spread over the hood.

Wright attempted to turn off the fuel and had his hands and arms severely burned. The flames were not extinguished until they had destroyed the baggage on the car. The car finished the day's run several hours late, for which it was penalized 189 points.

The Overland car driven by C. R. Forth was chugging up a steep and winding hill a few miles west of Monroeville when the rear axle snapped as the car struck a water break. The car was thrown off the road and ditched. At 8 o'clock it failed to check in for the night and was declared out of the contest.

A. L. Kull's Gyrosoope was checked out leaving Pittsburg, and that was the last seen of it. As the Gyroscope was penalized 298 points for tardiness on yesterday's run, it is believed it has withdrawn from the contest.

Mrs. E. W. Shirley, who is piloting an Overland in the Hower contest, was penalized 9 points for repairs and lateness.

All the cars entered in the Glidden trophy contest with the exception of the Garford finished with perfect scores.

The team and club scores for the Glidden trophy follow:

Pierce Team, Buffalo Club.

Pierce Team, Buffalo Club...
Owens Team, Buffalo Club...
Owens Team, Buffalo Club...
Peerless Team, Columbus Club...
Mixed Team, Rochester Club...
Franklin Team, Syracuse Club.
Franklin Team, Chicago Club.
Haynes-Oldamobile Team, Chicago Club.
Marmon Team, Bay State Club...
Studebaker Team, Rochester Club...
Garford Team, Cleveland Club...

DEPOT LANE HILL CLIMB. . Dennison Wins the Free for All in 28 2-8

Contrary to expectations, there were no hill climbing contests on the Depot Lane Hill, a twisting grade about a quarter of a mile in length, leading from the Lafayette mile in length, leading from the Lafayette Boulevard to Fort Washington Heights at West 177th street. It had been announced that Howlett would drive the four in hand coach Magnet up the hill to establish a record, but he failed to show up. The timing was done by the Timers Club of New York, under the supervision of S. M. Butler of the Automobile Club of Aperica and M. T. Clinton of mobile Club of America, and H. T. Clinton of the Association of Micensed Automobile Manu-

facturers acted as referee.

Event A, for gasolene cars selling for \$850 or less, was won by Frank Dunnell in a 15 horse-power Ford in 32 2-5 seconds, and he also won in event B, for gasolene cars selling from Basi to \$1,250, his time being 30 2-5 seconds.

H. E. Wagner, Babcock, won in the event for electrics in 41 2-5 seconds. "Miraculous"

electrics in 41 2-5 seconds. "Miraculous"
T. P. C. Forbes won event C. for gasolene
cars selling from \$1,281 to \$2,000, in 45 2-5
seconds with an Overland.

William Bourque, Knex, won event D, fer
gasolene cars selling from \$2,001 to \$3,000,
in 24 4-5 seconds. He also took event E,
for cars selling from \$3,001 to \$4,000, with the
same car in the same time as he made in the
other event. He won event F, for cars selling
for more than \$4,000, in one-fifth of a second
faster time than he made in the two other
trials. Kingsley Swan, Stearns, was second,
in event F, his time being 25 2-5 seconds.
A. Dennison, Knox, won the free for all in
133 2-5 seconds. M. Keller, Keaton, wos she
saxicab event in 35 3-5 seconds.

Lord & Taylor

Monday, July 13th

Muslin Underwear Dept.

98c., \$1.25, \$1.50 & \$1.95 Skirts 98c., \$1.25, \$1.95

Wash Waist Dept. Fine Batiste, Lace Trimmed

Tailored Linen, pleated fronts at \$2.75

Lawn Allover Embroidery

Wrapper Dept.

House Dresses in Flowered Swiss at \$2.25, \$2.95 & \$3.95

Kimonos

In Oriental Crépe......\$1.95 Short Kimonos In Flowered Cross-bar Batiste 98c White Cross-bar Batiste, embroidery trimmed at \$1.25

at \$1.95

White Lawn, fine embroidery trimmed

Corsets

In Fine Batiste

medium high bust, long hips and back, (attached supporters) at 98c., \$1.45-value \$2.00 to \$2.50

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Ave.; 19th St.

Lord & Taylor

A General Clearance Sale Household Linens

effecting lines to be closed out before stock-taking, upon which reductions of 1/3 & 1/2 have been made.

A vast collection of Linens of merit, including Table Cloths, Napkins, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Towels, Towelling, Hand Drawn and Lace Trimmed Tea and Luncheon Gloths, Scarfs, Squares, Tidies, &c.

Steamer Rugs

at reduced prices. A lot of 200 Rugs to be closed out at \$3.85, \$6.35 & \$8.65. Value \$6.00, \$10.50 and \$13.50.

Muslin Sheets and Pillow Cases

the continuation of our July Sale.

Sheets

63x99 65c

Pillow Cases

42x381/2..... 17c 45x381/2..... 18c .54x381/2..... 22c

Broadway & 20th St.; 5th Av.; 19th St.

Spanish War Veterans Held Games. By the narrow margin of one point the Irish-American A. C. yesterday won the silver point cup at the second annual games of the Spanish War Veterans Association, held at Ulmer Park. The Xavier A. C. was second and East Orange High School an the Acern A. A. were tied for third.

The half mile run for Spanish war veterans was won by Jehn Allen, a negre.

JACOB BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY